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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/615,155	07/08/2003	Joel T. Schmieg	5056-0001	8248	
7590 10/06/2004			EXAMINER		
Michael L. Diaz			EVANS, ROBIN OCTAVIA		
Michael L. Dia	z, P.C.				
Suite 200			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
555 Republic Drive			3742		
Plano, TX 75074			DATE MAILED: 10/06/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No	. App	licant(s)	
		10/615,155	sch	SCHMIEG, JOEL T.	
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art l	Unit	
		Robin O. Evans	3742	2	
	The MAILING DATE of this communic	cation appears on the cove	er sheet with the corres	pondence address	
Period fo	· ·	ND DEDLY 10 OFT TO EV	ADIDE AMONTILIES EE	20M	
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC nsions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) period for reply is specified above, the maximum state to reply within the set or extended period for reply veryly received by the Office later than three months afted patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. If 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, houn inication. If days, a reply within the statutory mutory period will apply and will expiritly by statute, cause the application.	wever, may a reply be timely filed inimum of thirty (30) days will be e SIX (6) MONTHS from the mai to become ABANDONED (35 U	d e considered timely. illing date of this communicatio J.S.C. § 133).	on.
Status					
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) file	_	e1		
2a)⊠ —		b) This action is non-			. ia
3)□ Disposit	Since this application is in condition closed in accordance with the praction of Claims	for allowance except for ce under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i>	formal matters, prosec e, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O	ution as to the ments J.G. 213.	· IS
•	Claim(s) <u>1-17</u> is/are pending in the a	pplication.			
1/63	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/ar		eration.		
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
•	Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are rejected.				
	Claim(s) <u>17</u> is/are objected to.				
•	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ion and/or election requir	ement.		
-	ion Papers				
9)[The specification is objected to by the	Examiner.			
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:	a)□ accepted or b)□ obje	cted to by the Examine	r.	
	Applicant may not request that any obje				
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed			by the Examiner.	
	If approved, corrected drawings are rec		action.		
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner.			
•	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
13)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim	for foreign priority under	35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d)	or (f).	
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:				
	1. Certified copies of the priority				
	2. Certified copies of the priority				
*	3. Copies of the certified copies of application from the Intern See the attached detailed Office action	ational Bureau (PCT Rule	∍ 17.2(a)).	this National Stage	
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for			a provisional applica	ation).
	a) The translation of the foreign lan Acknowledgment is made of a claim f	guage provisional applica	ation has been receive	d.	
Attachme		· ·			
1) Noti	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Promation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Promation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449)	4) [TO-948) 5) [aper No(s) 6) [Interview Summary (PTC Notice of Informal Paten Other:	O-413) Paper No(s) t Application (PTO-152)	. •

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. The amendment presented in communication filed July 23, 2004 is acknowledged.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-9, 15 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith in view of Arnold.

Smith shows a fire fighting penetration tool having a weighted head 102, penetrating body 112, hollow handle 109, grooves 118 and interchangeable penetrating tools as shown in figures 15-18 and figure 23. It should be noted that the tube 102 must inherently have enough weight to support the piercing nozzle and therefore is considered a weighted head. Smith does not show a planar surface head affixed to the weighted head. Arnold shows another fire extinguisher having a planar surface 168 affixed to a weighted head 164. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have affixed a planar surface to the head of Smith's tool so as to be able to limit the penetration of the nozzle as shown and suggested by Arnold in column 6, line 62.

4. Claims 10-12 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith in view Arnold applied to claims 1-9, 15 and above and further in view of Badberg (2,993,650).

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The combination fire-fighting tool shown by Smith and Arnold shows all of the claimed limitations but does not show the handle having a shut off valve or a stream adapter. Badberg shows another fire nozzle having a shut off valve 16 located on the handle and a stream adapter 20. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have made the Smith-Arnold combination fire fighting tool with a shutoff valve on the handle so as to provide a quick and convenient way of shutting off water to the device and to have also supplied a stream adapter so to be able to eject the desired stream or to change the volume of the agent ejected from the nozzle.

As to claim 11 and the limitation that the weighted head is configured to weigh more than the weight of the remainder of said handle, it is deemed that the since the weight of the combination nozzle is used to drive the nozzle through a surface that it would inherently have to weigh more that the remainder of the handle, however if not it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have made the weight so that it weighed more than the handle so as to have sufficient strength to drive the tool when needed.

5. Claims 12-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith in view of Arnold and further in view of Cunningham (551,527).

The combination fire-fighting tool shown by Smith and Arnold shows all of the claimed limitations but does not show a stream adapter. Cunningham shows another nozzle having a stream adapter E. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have made the Smith-Arnold fire fighting tool with a stream adapter so as to be able to direct the stream so as not to strike the user as suggested by Cunningham.

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As to the limitation that the weighted head is configured to weigh more than the weight of the remainder of said handle, it is deemed that the since the weight of the combination nozzle is used to drive the nozzle through a surface that it would inherently have to weigh more that the remainder of the handle, however if not it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have made the weight so that it weighed more than the handle so as to have sufficient strength to drive the tool when needed.

6. Claims 1-6 and 10-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Badberg in view of Arnold.

Badberg shows a fire fighting tool having a hollow handle, weighted head 14, penetrating body 12, holes 30, threaded portions as shown in figure 2, shut off valve 16, penetrating surface 32 and stream adapter 20. Badberg does not show a planar surface head affixed to the weighted head. Arnold shows another fire extinguisher having a planar surface 168 affixed to a weighted head 164. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have affixed a planar surface to the head of Bamberg's tool so as to be able to limit the penetration of the nozzle as shown and suggested by Arnold in column 6, line 62.

It should be noted that the shaft 104 must inherently have enough weight to support the piercing nozzle and therefore is considered a weighted head.

As to claim 11 and the limitation that the weighted head is configured to weigh more than the weight of the remainder of said handle, it is deemed that the since the weight of the combination nozzle is used to balance the device during use that it would inherently have to weigh more that the remainder of the handle, however if not it would have been obvious to one

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of ordinary skill in the art to have made the weight so that it weighed more than the handle so as to have sufficient strength to balance the tool.

7. Claims 7-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Badberg in view of Arnold as applied to claims 1-6 and 10-16 above, and further in view of Smith.

The combination Badberg-Arnold tool includes all of the claimed limitations but does not show the penetrating body having a groove. Smith shows another penetrating body having grooves 118. It would have been obvious to put grooves as shown on Smith's tool on the penetrating body so as to be able to change the pattern of the spray such that the pattern will cover a larger area.

Allowable Subject Matter

8. Claim 17 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

- 9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Whear, Randall and Petersen show devices in the general state of the art of the invention.
- 10. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

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MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robin O. Evans whose telephone number is (703) 305-5766. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 6:30 am- 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Mar can be reached on (703) 308-2087. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Robin O. Evans Primary Examiner

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10/3/04